

Features:

- ♦ Up to 1.25Gb/s bi-directional data links
- ♦ Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- ♦ Extended case temperature range (-40°C to +85°C)
- → Fully metallic enclosure for low EMI
- ♦ Low power dissipation
- ♦ Compact RJ-45 connector assembly
- ♦ Detailed product information in EEPROM

- \Rightarrow +3.3V single power supply
- ♦ Access to physical layer IC via 2-wire serial bus
- ♦ 10/100/1000 BASE-T operation in host systems with SGMII interface
- ♦ Compliant with SFP MSA
- ♦ Compliant with IEEE Std 802.3TM-2002
- ♦ Compliant with FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Class B
- ♦ RoHS Compliant Products

Applications:

- ♦ 1.25 Gigabit Ethernet over Cat 5 cable
- ♦ Switch/Router to Switch/Router Link
- ♦ High speed I/O for file severs

Description:

TST01I 10/100/1000BASE-T copper SFP transceiver is high performance, cost effective module compliant with the Gigabit Ethernet and 10/100/1000BASE-T standards as specified in IEEE 802. 3-2002 and IEEE 802.3ab, which supporting 10/100/1000Mbps data- rate up to 100 meters reach over unshielded twisted-pair category 5 cable. The TST01I supports 10/100/1000 Mbps full duplex data-links with 5-level Pulse Amplitude Modula-tion (PAM) signals. All four pairs in the cable are used with symbol rate at 250Mbps on each pair. The TST01I provides standard serial ID information compliant with SFP MSA, which can be accessed with address of A0h via the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. The physical IC can also be accessed via 2-wire serial bus at address ACh.

| Part No. | Data Rate(Mbps) | Reach(km) | Temperature |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
|----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|

10/100/1000BASE-T SFP Copper Transceiver Hot Pluggable, 1.25Gb/s,Cat-5 UTP Cable, 100m

| TST01I |
|--------|
|--------|

SFP to Host Connector Pin Out

| Pin | Signal name | Description | MSA Notes |
|-----|-------------|---|-----------|
| 1 | VEET | Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground) | |
| 2 | TFAULT | Transmitter Fault. Not supported | Note 1 |
| 3 | TDIS | Transmitter Disable. PHY disabled on high or open | Note 2 |
| 4 | MOD_DEF(2) | Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID. | Note 3 |
| 5 | MOD_DEF(1) | Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID. | Note 3 |
| 6 | MOD_DEF(0) | Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module. | Note 3 |
| 7 | Rate Select | No connection required | |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal - High Indicates Loss of Signal | |
| 9 | VEER | Receiver Ground (common with transmitter ground) | |
| 10 | VEER | Receiver Ground (common with transmitter ground) | |
| 11 | VEER | Receiver Ground(common with transmitter ground) | |
| 12 | RD- | Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled | Note 5 |
| 13 | RD+ | Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled | Note 5 |
| 14 | VEER | Receiver Ground (common with transmitter ground) | |
| 15 | VCCR | Receiver Power Supply | Note 6 |
| 16 | VCCT | Transmitter Power Supply | Note 6 |
| 17 | VEET | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground) | |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled. | Note 7 |
| 19 | TD- | Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled. | Note 7 |
| 20 | VEET | Transmitter Ground(common with receiver ground) | |

Table 1. SFP to host connector pin assignments and descriptions

Notes:

- 1. TX Fault is not used and is always tied to ground through a 100 ohm resistor.
- 2. TX Disable as described in the MSA is not applicable to the 1000BASE-T module, but is used for convenience as an input to reset the internal ASIC. This pin is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 KW resistor.

Low (0 - 0.8 V): Transceiver on

Between (0.8 V and 2.0 V): Undefined

High (2.0 - 3.465 V): Transceiver in reset state

Open: Transceiver in reset state

3. Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7-10 KW resistor

on the host board to a supply less than VCCT + 0.3 V or VCCR + 0.3 V.

Mod Def 0 is tied to ground through a 100 ohm resistor to indicate that the module is present.

Mod-Def 1 is clock line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is data line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID

- 4. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are ac coupled 100 ohm differential lines which should be terminated with 100 ohm differential at the user SerDes. The ac coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370 and 2000 mV differential (185 1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated. These levels are compatible with CML and LVPECL voltage swings.
- 5. VCCR and VCCT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as $3.3~V \pm 5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. The maximum supply current is about 300mA and the associated in-rush current will typically be no more than 30 mA above steady state after 500 nanoseconds.
- 6. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are ac coupled differential lines with 100 W differential termination inside the module. The ac coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 2400 mV (250 –1200 mV single ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 600 mV single ended) be used for best EMI performance. These levels are compatible with CML and LVPECL voltage swings.

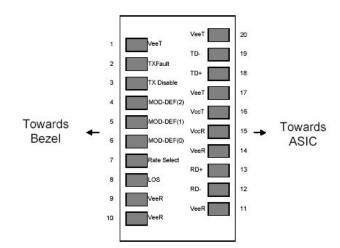


Figure 1. Diagram of host board connector block pin numbers and names

+3.3V Volt Electrical Power Interface

The TST01I has an input voltage range of 3.3 V +/- 5%. The 4 V maximum voltage is not allowed for continuous operation.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Notes/Conditions |
|----------------|--------|------|---------|------|-------|--|
| | | | | | | 1.2W max power over full range of |
| Supply Current | Is | | 320 | 375 | mA | voltage and temperature. See caution |
| | | | | | | note below |
| Input Voltage | Vcc | 3.13 | 3.3 | 3.47 | V | Referenced to GND |
| Surge Current | Igurgo | | 30 | | mA | Hot plug above steady state current. See |
| Surge Current | Isurge | | 30 | | IIIA | caution note |

Caution: Power consumption and surge current are higher than the specified values in the SFP MSA

Table 2. +3.3 Volt electrical power interface

Low-Speed Signals

MOD_DEF(1) (SCL) and MOD_DEF(2) (SDA), are open drain CMOS signals. Both MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2) must be pulled up to host. Vcc.

| MOD_BEI (2) must be puned up to nost_vee. | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|---------------|----------------|-------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Units | Notes/Conditions | | | | |
| SFP Output LOW | VOL | 0 | 0.5 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc. | | | | |
| SFP Output HIGH | VOH | host_Vcc -0.5 | host_Vcc + 0.3 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc. | | | | |
| SFP Input LOW | VIL | 0 | 0.8 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc. | | | | |
| SFP Input HIGH | | 2 | Vcc + 0.3 V | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc. | | | | |

Table 3. Low-speed signals, electronic characteristics

High-Speed Electrical Interface

All high-speed signals are AC-coupled internally.

| Thi high speed signals are the coupled internally. | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|------|---------|------|-------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Transmission Line-SFP | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Notes/Conditions | | |
| Line Frequency | fL | | 125 | | MHz | 5-level encoding, per IEEE 802.3 | | |
| Tx Output Impedance | Zout,TX | | 100 | | Ohm | Differential | | |
| Rx Input Impedance | Zin,RX | | 100 | | Ohm | Differential | | |

Table 4. High-speed electrical interface, transmission line-SFP

| Host-SFP | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|------|---------|------|-------|------------------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Notes/Conditions | |
| Single ended data input swing | Vinsing | 250 | | 1200 | mV | Single ended | |
| Single ended data output swing | Voutsing | 350 | 100 | 800 | mV | Single ended | |
| Rise/Fall Time | Tr,Tf | | 175 | | psec | 20%-80% | |
| Tx Input Impedance | Zin | | 50 | | Ohm | Single ended | |
| Rx Output Impedance | Zout | | 50 | | Ohm | Single ended | |

Table 5. High-speed electrical interface, host-SFP

General Specifications

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Notes/Conditions | | | |
|--------------|--------|------|---------|-------|-------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Data Rate | BR | 10 | | 1,000 | Mb/s | IEEE 802.3 compatible. | | | |
| Cable Length | L | | | 100 | m | Category 5 UTP. BER <10-12 | | | |

Table 6. General specifications

Notes:

- 1. Clock tolerance is +/- 50 ppm
- 2. By default, the TST01I is a full duplex device in preferred master mode

10/100/1000BASE-T SFP Copper Transceiver Hot Pluggable, 1.25Gb/s,Cat-5 UTP Cable, 100m

- 3. Automatic crossover detection is enabled. External crossover cable is not required
- 4. 10/100/1000 BASE-T operation requires the host system to have an SGMII interface with no clocks, With a SERDES that does not support SGMII, the module will operate at 1000BASE-T only.

Environmental Specifications

The TST01I has an extended range from -40°C to +85°C case temperature as specified in Table 7.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Notes/Conditions |
|--------------------------|--------|------|---------|------|-------|---------------------|
| Operating Temperature | Тор | -40 | | 85 | °C | Case temperature |
| Storage Temperature | Tsto | -40 | | 100 | °C | Ambient temperature |

Table 7. Environmental specifications

Serial ID Memory Contents:

| Data | Length | Name of | Description and Contents |
|-------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| Address | (Byte) | Length | |
| Base ID Fie | elds | | |
| 0 | 1 | Identifier | Type of Serial transceiver (03h=SFP) |
| 1 | 1 | Reserved | Extended identifier of type serial transceiver (04h) |
| 2 | 1 | Connector | Code of optical connector type (22=RJ45) |
| 3-10 | 8 | Transceiver | 1000BASE-T |
| 11 | 1 | Encoding | 8B10B (01h) |
| 12 | 1 | BR,Nominal | Nominal baud rate, unit of 100Mbps |
| 13 | 1 | Reserved | (0000h) |
| 14 | 1 | Length(9um,km) | Link length supported for 9/125um fiber, units of km |
| 15 | 1 | Length(9um) | Link length supported for 9/125um fiber, units of 100m |
| 16 | 1 | Length(50um) | Link length supported for 50/125um fiber, units of 10m |
| 17 | 1 | Length(62.5um) | Link length supported for 62.5/125um fiber, units of 10m |
| 18 | 1 | Length(Copper) | Link length supported for copper, units of meters |
| 19 | 1 | Reserved | |
| 20-35 | 16 | Vendor Name | SFP vendor name: |
| 36 | 1 | Reserved | |
| 37-39 | 3 | Vendor OUI | SFP transceiver vendor OUI ID |
| 40-55 | 16 | Vendor PN | Part Number: "XXXXXX" (ASCII) |
| 56-59 | 4 | Vendor rev | Revision level for part number |
| 60-61 | 2 | Wavelength | Laser wavelength |
| 62 | 1 | Reserved | |
| 63 | 1 | CCID | Least significant byte of sum of data in address 0-62 |
| Extended II |) Fields | | |
| 64-65 | 2 | Option | Indicates which optical SFP signals are implemented(001Ah = LOS, |
| | | | TX_FAULT, TX_DISABLE all supported) |
| 66 | 1 | BR, max | Upper bit rate margin, units of % |
| 67 | 1 | BR, min | Lower bit rate margin, units of % |
| 68-83 | 16 | Vendor SN | Serial number (ASCII) |
| 84-91 | 8 | Date code | Manufacturing date code |
| 92-94 | 3 | Reserved | |
| 95 | 1 | CCEX | Check code for the extended ID Fields (addresses 64 to 94) |
| Vendor Spec | cific ID Fi | ields | |
| 96-127 | 32 | Readable | Vendor specific date, read only |

Mechanical drawing:

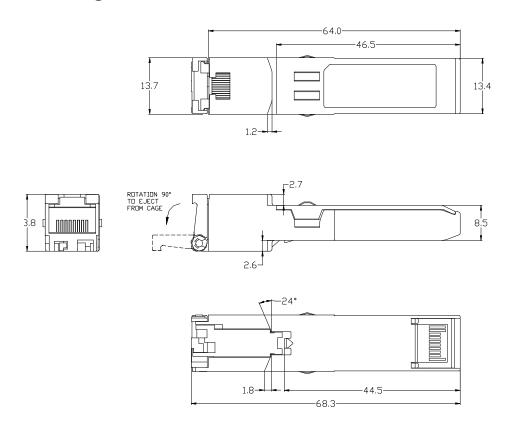


Figure 2. Mechanical Dimensions of Transceiver