TIBTRONIX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.



TXBLXG60-23/32

10Gb/s 60km BiDi XFP Transceiver Hot Pluggable, Single LC, 1270/1330nm, CWDM DFB&APD, Single mode

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Shenzhen Tibtronix Technology Co., Ltd.

3/F,12th Building, Nangang 1st Industrial Park, Baimang Xili, Songbai Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Tel: +86 755 23316583 Fax: +86 755 29810056 E-mail: sales@tibtronix.com http://www.tibtronix.com

Features:

- ♦ Supports 9.95Gb/s to 11.3Gb/s bit rates
- ♦ Hot-pluggable XFP footprint
- ♦ Single LC for Bi-directional Transmission
- ♦ Maximum link length of 60km
- ♦ Built-in 1270/1330 WDM
- ♦ Uncooled 1270nm or 1330nm CWDM DFB Laser
- ♦ APD Receiver
- ♦ Power dissipation <2W</p>
- ♦ No Reference Clock required
- ♦ Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- → Temperature range 0°C to 70°C
- ♦ Very low EMI and excellent ESD protection
- ♦ RoHS Compliant Part

Applications:

- ♦ 10GBASE-LR/LW Ethernet
- ♦ SONET OC-192 /SDH
- ♦ 1200-SM-LL-L 10G Fibre Channel

Description:

TIBTRONIX' TXBLXG60-23/32 Bi-directional 10Gb/s (XFP) transceivers are compliant with the current XFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) Specification. They comply with 10-Gigabit Ethernet 10GBASE-LR/LW per IEEE 802.3ae and 10G Fibre Channel 1200-SM-LL-L. Digital diagnostics functions are available via a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in the XFP MSA.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|------|--------------|
| Storage Temperature | T _{ST} | -40 | +85 | $^{\circ}$ C |
| Case Operating Temperature | T _{IP} | 0 | +70 | $^{\circ}$ C |
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC3} | -0.5 | +4.0 | V |

● Electrical Characteristics (T_{OP} = 0 to 70 °C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----|---------------------|------|------|
| Supply Voltage | Vcc3 | 3.13 | | 3.45 | V | |
| Supply Current | Icc3 | | | 500 | mA | |
| Module total power | Р | | | 2 | W | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Input differential impedance | Rin | | 100 | | Ω | 1 |
| Differential data input swing | Vin,pp | 150 | | 820 | mV | |
| Transmit Disable Voltage | V_D | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| Transmit Enable Voltage | V _{EN} | GND | | GND+ 0.8 | V | |
| Transmit Disable Assert Time | T_off | | | 100 | ms | |
| Tx Enable Assert Time | T_on | | | 100 | ms | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Differential data output swing | Vout,pp | 300 | 500 | 850 | mV | |
| Data output rise time | tr | | | 35 | ps | 2 |
| Data output fall time | tf | | | 35 | ps | 2 |
| LOS Fault | $V_{LOS\ fault}$ | Vcc – 0.5 | | Vcc _{HOST} | V | 3 |
| LOS Normal | V _{LOS norm} | GND | | GND+0.5 | ٧ | 3 |
| Power Supply Rejection | PSR | See Note 4 below | | | | 4 |

Notes

- 1. After internal AC coupling.
- 2. 20 80 %
- 3.Loss of Signal is open collector to be pulled up with a 4.7k 10kohm resistor to 3.15 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
- 4. Per Section 2.7.1. in the XFP MSA Specification.



Optical Parameters(T_{OP} = 0 to 70°C)

| Para | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Ref. | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------|---|
| Transmitter | | | | | | | |
| Operating Date Ra | BR | 9.95 | | 11.3 | Gb/s | | |
| Bit Error Rate | | BER | | | 10 ⁻¹² | | |
| Maximum Launch | Power | P _{MAX} | 0 | | +5 | dBm | 1 |
| Optical Center | FTP960-2733 | , | 1260 | 1270 | 1280 | | |
| Wavelength | FTP960-3327 | λ | 1320 | 1330 | 1340 | nm | |
| Optical Extinction | Ratio | ER | 3.5 | | | dB | |
| Spectral Width | | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Sidemode Supress | on ratio | SSRmin | 30 | | | dB | |
| Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%) | | Tr/Tf | | | 50 | ps | |
| Average Launch po | Average Launch power of OFF | | | | -30 | dBm | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | | |
| Tx Jitter | | Txj | Compliant with each standard | | | ard | |
| | | requirements | | | | 2 | |
| Optical Eye Mask | Optical Eye Mask | | | IEEE802.3ae | | | |
| Receiver | | | | | | | |
| Operating Date Ra | te | BR | 9.95 | | 11.3 | Gb/s | |
| Receiver Sensitivity | Receiver Sensitivity | | | | -22 | dBm | 2 |
| Maximum Input Power | | P _{MAX} | -7 | | | dBm | 2 |
| Optical Center | FTP960-2733 | 1 | 1320 | 1330 | 1340 | nm | |
| Wavelength | FTP960-3327 | λ _C | 1260 | 1270 | 1280 | nm | |
| Receiver Reflectance | | Rrx | | | -27 | dB | |
| LOS De-Assert | | LOS _D | | | -23 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | LOS Assert | | -33 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | LOS Hysteresis | | 0.5 | | 5 | dB | |

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. Measured with a PRBS 2^{31} -1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps BER<10⁻¹².



Pin Assignment

Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Name

GND VEE5 2 Mod_Desel 3 Interrupt 4 5 TX_DIS VCC5 6 GND 7 8 VCC3 VCC3 9 SCL 10 11 SDA Mod_ABS 12 Mod_Nr 13 RX_LOS 14 15 GND

GND 30 TD+ 29 TD-28 27 GND 26 GND RefCLK-25 RefCLK+ 24 23 GND VCC2 22 P_Down/RST 21 20 Vcc2 19 GND RD+ 18 RD-17 16 GND

Bottom of Board (As view through top of board)

Top of Board

Pin Function Definitions

| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Name/Description | |
|-----|---------|-----------|--|---|
| 1 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 2 | | VEE5 | Optional –5.2 Power Supply – Not required | |
| 3 | LVTTL-I | Mod-Desel | Module De-select; When held low allows the module to | |
| | | | respond to 2-wire serial interface commands | |
| 4 | LVTTL-O | Interrupt | Interrupt (bar); Indicates presence of an important | |
| | | | condition which can be read over the serial 2-wire | |
| | | | interface | |
| 5 | LVTTL-I | TX_DIS | Transmitter Disable; Transmitter laser source turned off | |
| 6 | | VCC5 | +5 Power Supply | |
| 7 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |



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| 8 | | VCC3 | +3.3V Power Supply | |
|----|---------------|----------------|--|---|
| 9 | | VCC3 | +3.3V Power Supply | |
| 10 | LVTTL-I | SCL | Serial 2-wire interface clock | |
| 11 | LVTTL- I/O | SDA | Serial 2-wire interface data line | |
| 12 | LVTTL-O | Mod_Abs | Module Absent; Indicates module is not present. Grounded in the module. | |
| 13 | LVTTL-O | Mod_NR | Module Not Ready; | 2 |
| 14 | LVTTL-O | RX_LOS | Receiver Loss of Signal indicator | 2 |
| 15 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 16 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 17 | CML-O | RD- | Receiver inverted data output | |
| 18 | CML-O | RD+ | Receiver non-inverted data output | |
| 19 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 20 | | VCC2 | +1.8V Power Supply – Not required | |
| 21 | LVTTL-I | P_Down/RS T | Power Down; When high, places the module in the low power stand-by mode and on the falling edge of P_Down initiates a module reset Reset; The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent | |
| | | | to a power cycle. | |
| 22 | | VCC2 | +1.8V Power Supply – Not required | |
| 23 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 24 | PECL-I | RefCLK+ | Reference Clock non-inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required | 3 |
| 25 | PECL-I | RefCLK- | Reference Clock inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required | 3 |
| 26 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 27 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 28 | CML-I | TD- | Transmitter inverted data input | |
| 29 | CML-I | TD+ | Transmitter non-inverted data input | |
| 30 | | GND | Module Ground | 1 |

Note

- 1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
- 2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15Vand 3.45V.
- 3. A Reference Clock input is not required.

Digital Diagnostic Functions

As defined by the XFP MSA 1, TIBTRONIX's XFP transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

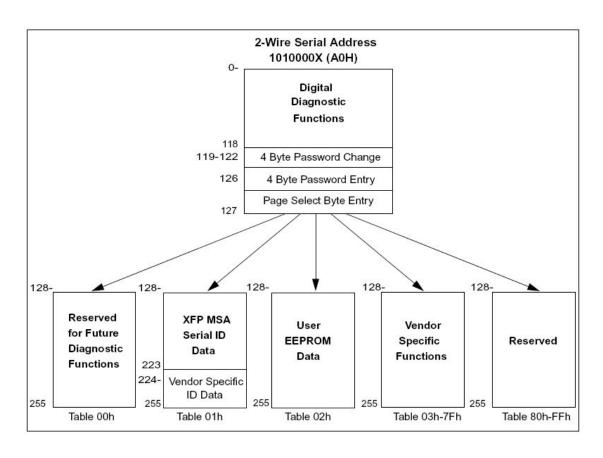


- ✓ Transceiver temperature
- ✓ Laser bias current
- ✓ Transmitted optical power
- Received optical power
- ✓ Transceiver supply voltage

It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

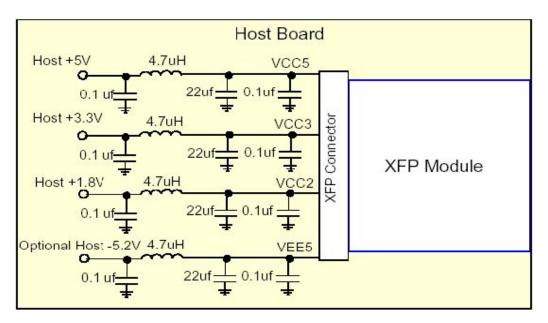
The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the XFP transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the XFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 000h to the maximum address of the memory.

For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the XFP MSA Specification.

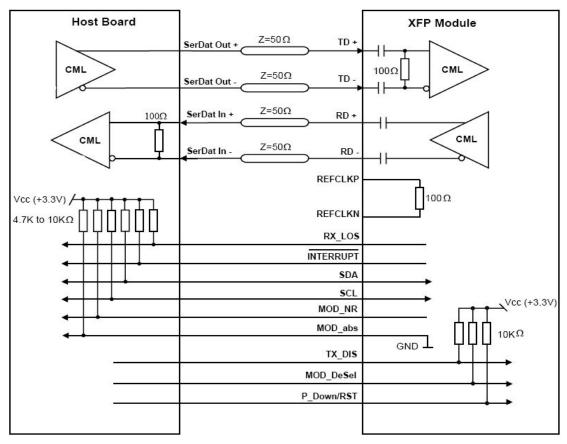




Recommended Circuit



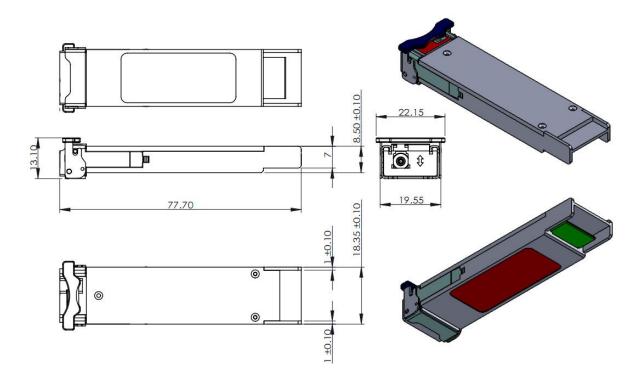
Recommended Host Board Power Supply Circuit



Recommended High-speed Interface Circuit



Mechanical Dimensions



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